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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/551,668	09/30/2005	Kazuo Imose	TEI-0135	5514
	7590 04/20/201 IAN & GRAUER PL I	EXAMINER		
LION BUILDI	NG	JANG, CHRISTIAN YONGKYUN		
1233 20TH STREET N.W., SUITE 501 WASHINGTON, DC 20036			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3735	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/20/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/551,668	IMOSE, KAZUO	
Examiner	Art Unit	

	CHRISTIAN JANG	3735				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED <u>29 March 2010</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AP	PLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.				
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apple for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavi al (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request			
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adno event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b) MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing o). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection	n.			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extender 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the sloset forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of the control of the corresponding amount of the control of the corresponding amount of the corresponding	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as			
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exten Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENDMENTS	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the				
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b (a) They raise new issues that would require further con (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a c	sideration and/or search (see NOTw); er form for appeal by materially red	E below); ducing or simplifying th				
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowed non-allowable claim(s).						
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prove The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-15. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		be entered and an ex	xplanation of			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 						
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to over showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	ıl and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a).			
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		•				
 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s) 						
13. Other:	1 10/00/00/1 aper 110(5).					
/Charles A. Marmor, II/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3735	/C. J./ Examiner, Art Unit 3735					

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: As to claim 1, the applicant has argued that Lavie fails to teach an analysis unit for analyzing the enhanced state of sympathetic nerves based on the measured electrocardiogram waveform. However, Lavie discloses the measurement of an EKG waveform ([0113]) and monitoring the enhanced state of sympathetic nerves by determining whether the condition is a organic or psychogenic causes ([0113]). As Lavie has stated that breathing disorders could be related to aberrant central nervous system control of breathing during sleep, and Lavie discloses obtaining the important information about the type of apnea ([0077]), the EKG is indeed monitored to analyze the enhanced state of sympathetic nerves. It is further noted that the applicant provides arguments against only 1 specific cited portion of Lavie, when the rejection is based on at least two different portions of its disclosure. Applicant has further argued that Lavie fails to teach an output part for displaying or printing both of a transition of enhanced state of sympathetic nerves and a transition of enhanced of sympathetic nerves of the subject patient within the zone selected by the editor. The claim recites a displaying of a transition of respiratory airflow and a transition of enhanced state of sympathetic nerves. This intended use limitation can be performed by the display taught by Lavie. In addition, Lavie teaches a airflow sensor (207), and the EKG electrode ([0066]), wherein the sensor and electrode are inputs to a processor (204) which produces outputs to a monitor (208, [0067]).

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). As to claims 6, 10, 11, and 13, the applicant has argued that the combination of references fail to teach a step of selecting a patient who exhibits the results found in the claims. The results are all indications of those who have chronic heart failure, and since Krachman teaches that oxygen therapy may be effective for those with CHF, it is not necessary for Krachman to teach the specific steps found in the claim as the support for these features are found in the other references.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).